DLM/DLD 固体流量计

DLD/DLM Type Solids Flow Meter

使用、安装、维护手册

Operation, Installation & Maintenance Manual





▲注意事项

1、请在使用之前,仔细阅读本使用说明书,理解使用方法后正确使用。

2、本说明书已包含产品相对应控制仪表操作使用方法。

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第一章、概述

1、 固体流量计

DLM/DLD 型固体流量计是一种连续称重计量的送料设备,它适用于化工、建材、 冶金、矿山等行业,对非粘性散粒状或粉状物料进行自动连续定量送料、动态计量或 送料控制。在水泥行业中,主要用于生料粉的入窑计量喂料及粉煤灰、散装水泥计量。

DLD 型固体流量计与带有送料装置的校正仓可构成一个高精度的连续喂料系统。 带有荷重传感器的校正仓可对固体流量计的计量精度进行在线校验,送料装置能按照 设定的送料率自动调节物料流量。

DLD 型固体流量计喂料系统配置有流量控制仪和料仓控制仪。系统通过模拟量输 入口设置给料速度实施控制,也可以同上位机或过程管理系统(DCS)相连接完成系 统的自动控制。

系统使用的部分字符说明 2、

1

Р	定义:	设定流量
	单位:	t/h
Ι	定义:	流量
	单位:	t/h
Ζ	定义:	物料的累计值
	单位:	t
Q	定义:	测量负荷
	单位:	kgkg/m
Pr	定义:	外部百分比设定值

- 单位:%
- Pe 定义:外部给定值

单位: t/h



3、 工作原理





第二章、技术参数及规格型号

- 1、 技术参数
 - (1) 称量精度

称量精度: ±1%(带校正仓及预给料装置 DLD 型)

±2 % (DLM 型)

(2) 工作环境

 $0\sim 50$ °C 温度:

相对湿度: 30~85%RH,没有结露

(3) 允许物料温度

<100 °C

(4) 物料粒度

<5mm

(5) 电源供应

220V AC 50Hz

(6) 一次信号传送距离

<500m

(7) 测量范围

 $0\sim 30 \text{mv}$

(8) 适用于给料装置

库底卸料器或螺旋喂料机

(9) 控制柜

DLD 型固体流量计的称重控制仪表均装在控制柜内,完成的所有的控制 计量功能。

a) 控制柜规格

外型 (宽×高×深):	$700 \times 2200 \times 500$ mm
安装尺寸 (宽×深):	600×400 mm

3

 $4 \times \phi 12$ mm







b) 外部接线图





(10) FIP 壁挂式控制箱

DLD 型固体流量计的称重仪表装在控制箱内,完成计量功能。

a) 控制柜规格

外型 (宽×高×深): 380×300×225 mm





安装乳尺寸

b)外部接线图





2、固体流量计型号

- (1) 型号
 - DLM: 固体流量计

DLD: 固体流量喂料机

(2) 测量范围

DLM/DLD2.5 型 $40 \sim 200 \text{m}^3/\text{h}$

DLM/DLD5 型 80~300m³/h

DLM/DLD6.5 型 200~800m³/h



第三章、基本结构

DLM/DLD 型固体流量计由机械秤体和控制仪表两大部份组成。

1、 机械秤体

机械部份主要包括: 壳体、导向溜槽、测量溜槽、杠杆装置、称重传感器等。



(1) 売体

壳体是固体流量计基础部件,由钢板折弯焊接而成,下部有一个用来固 定在平台上或其它支承结构上的法兰,上部有一个与导向溜槽相连接的法兰。 壳体上有盖门供检修和拆卸测量槽用,盖门贴有像皮密封圈子,用拾扣与壳 体连接。

(2) 导向溜槽

导向溜槽采用螺栓与壳体连接,物料通过导向溜槽时以一特定的方向流 进测量溜槽。导向溜槽的入口处配有密封像胶环,它包裹着插进导向溜槽的 伸缩接头,可防止物料粉尘从接口入飞出,又不影响对料仓的称重。

(3) 测量溜槽

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测量溜槽与管状横梁相连。横梁横穿整个壳体,用两个像胶膜片密封, 两端用葳杆装置相连。物料经过导向溜槽沿测量溜槽的曲面切线方向进入溜



槽,物料流动方向对溜槽不会发生冲击的偏转,从而产生一个与流量成正比 的测量力。该测量力由械杆装置传至称重传感器上。

(4) 杠杆装置

杠杆装置是力的传递机构,它由两组十字簧片支撑,上部与测量溜槽相 连接,下部有起配重平衡作用的框架,框架上安装有配重块,以调整秤体表 态零点。框架另一端装有一螺杆,与传感器受力柱相接触。

(5) 称重传感器

称重传感器安装在与壳体相连的传感器支架上,支架顶板装有接线盒。 称重传感器采用金属波纹管密封型高精度传感器。

2、 控制仪表

DLD型固体流量计的称重控制仪表均装在IRC型电控柜中,它包括FP401 微机控制器。DLM型固体流量计称重控制仪装于FIP型壁挂式机箱

(1) FP401 微机控制器

FP401 微机控制器是固体流量计的称重控制仪。控制器内有三块基本功能 卡,基本功能卡包括 CPU 卡, A/D 与 I/O 及键盘显示卡。面板上有荧光显示 屏和 22 个触摸键。

(2) 料仓称重仪(可选配用)

料仓称重仪用在计量校正与流量控制的外接设备,当固体流量计与校正 仓构成喂料系统时,料仓称重仪对带有称重传感器的校正仓进行静态称量, 对固体流量计的称量精度进行校正。流量阀控制仪可仪表的喂料调节信号来 控制流量阀给料,使之按设定的喂料速度进行喂料。

第四章、使用与操作

控制仪表 1、

- (1) 号灯
 - ____ 电源正常(绿色)
 - \bigtriangledown CPU 正常(绿色)
 - 报警灯(红色)
 - 灯(红色) MIN
 - 灯(红色) MAX
- (2) 按键





(3) 显示窗口

5×7点阵规格,字符高6mm

窗口上部 左侧:运行信息

右侧: 设定的给料速率

- 窗口下部 左侧:事件信息
 - 右侧:选择显示参数

2、 功能分配器

系统功能主要是在控制仪表上,通过调用功能分配器来完成。

(1) 功能分配器

仪表的参数整定、校验等功能都是通过调用功能分配器来选择,功能分配器 如下:

	Display Events(显示事件)	
	Display Check(自检)	
	Stop/Start Prefeeder(停止/启动预给料)	
	Service Values(服务参数)	
	Stop/Start Keyb, Mode(停止/起动键盘方式)	
	>0:Zero Set (零设置(去皮))	
	Programming(程序)	
	Calibra Functions (校验与标定)	
	Select Batch (冼择批量)	
	Print FMZ (打印)	
		. 1
	Read Parameters(读参数)	
	Enter Parameters (讲入参数)	
> _	Land Default Par (恢复出厂值)	
,	Print Paramelers (未用)	
	Print Stat Rep (未田)	
		I
		. 1
	TW·Tara (実占応讼)	
	「III.ICLE(学点仅述)	
	UW.Weight Uneck(里里位测(你准))	
	Set IIIIIe(仅直的问)	

调用方法



3、 控制柜操作

- (1) 工作模式
 - a) 远程 由中央控制室(DCS)或外部设备进行操作控制。
 - b) 机柜 由机柜本身的起动、停止钮进行操作。
 - c) 本地 由系统的现场控制箱进行维护试运转操作。
- (2) 给料率的设定

固体流量计称重仪和 DCS 系统的额定流量参数设定应一致,其接口标准 均为模拟量 4-20mA。

a) 远程工作模式

给料率由外部 DCS 系统提供。

b) 机柜工作模式

给料机由仪表设定。

c) 本地工作模式

由现场控制箱调节旋钮手动操作控制。

(3) 0与 | 键

称重控制仪面板上0与I键只有在远程、机柜的启动状态下,才能停止或启动称重控制仪。

(4) 料仓称重仪

有关料仓称重仪的操作,请详见料仓称重仪的使用说明书。

4、 电控箱操作

DLM 型计量仪表一般装于壁挂式电控箱内,基本操作在称重控制仪面板上进行。



第五章、校验与标定

固体流量计喂料系统安装妥当后,必须经过校验与标定才能投入正常使用。

1、 固体流量计称重仪调校

- (1) 自重(皮重) 检验(TW)
 - I. 称重仪必须关闭预给料机,固体流量计中无物料流动。
 - II. 适当选择 CO2 参数 (1~60s),确定校验时间,出厂时已设置为 30s。
 - III. 操作顺序



中断运行不取结果数值

- (2) 零点校验 (>0 Zero Set)
 - I. 零点校验应在自重校验之后接着进行
 - II. 操作顺序



调用功能分配器

选择零点校验(>0 Zero Set)功能

确认选择

起动 Zero Set 程序,程序运行结果,窗口上部显示本次与上一次零校验的偏差,下部显示与

基本自重零点偏差



(3) 重量检查(CW)

- I. 重量检查应在自重校验与零点校验之后进行
- II. 参数 CO6 输入有效的检测重量参数
- III. 选择合适的流量点应用重量检查程序
- IV. 操作顺序



调用功能分配器

选择(Calibra Function)功能 按画面提示,输入口令07734

确认输入



选择"CW: "Weigt Check"

确认选择

程序运行后, 画面提示三种可能的结果

◆ KOR=0.99-1.01 称重误差<1%, 参数无需改动



- ♦ KOR=0.95-1.0s 称重误差<5%,将 KOR 值输入 D02
- ♦ KOR<0.95 或 KOR >1.05 称重误差>5%,表示仪 表输入的参数有错误或者秤体安装不合要求,应 对照检查。

(4) 系统称量实物标定

DLD 型固体流量计系统配置有校正仓,利用对校正仓物料的静态称重来校准 固体流量计的称量误差,可以获得更满意的结果,方法如下:

- I. 关闭截止阀和流量阀
- II. 料仓称重仪投入工作,料仓内装入物料,并记录料仓内物料重量 W1。



III. 设置好实物标定的流量值,让固体流量计称量仪投入工作。

IV. 打开截止阀,"启动"流量阀、截止阀料仓的物料被输送若干分钟以后, 关闭截止阀,待斜槽内物料全送走之后,关闭流量阀。

V. 记录料仓内剩余物料重量 W2,那么,称量检验期间用于实物标定的物料的重为 W=W1-W2。

VI. 将实物标定重量 W 与固体流量计称重仪显示的读数 Z 相比较,若不相符,则修改参数 D06 的值。

VII. 修改方法 D06 (新值)=D06 (原先值)•(W/Z)



第六章、系统参数

参数是具有可变特性的数据,利用这些数据可以使系统运行时更适合现场工况要 求,所有参数出厂时设有预定值,这些都是有用的建议值。参数被划分为 A...S 功能 组,字母后的数字是参数的序号,参数分为数值和选择项两种类型。

1、 读参数





2、 输入和修改参数



深圳市科尔达电气设备有限公司 TA SHEN ZHEN KERTA ELECTRIC EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.

装入缺省值 3、

调用此功能后, 仪表内参数恢复到出厂值初始状态。

4、 参数表

- A组 对话状况
 - A01 语言 英语
 - A02 单位 SI

B组 额定数据

B01

- 流量单位 出厂值: ----- t/h 可选参数: ------ kg/h; ----. - kg/h; ---. -- kg/h; --. --- kg/h -----t/h; -----t /h; -----t /h; -----t /h
- B02 额定流量
 - 出厂值: 200.000 t/h
 - 最小值: 0.0020 t/h; 最大值: 99999.9t/h
 - 用于极限值和服务数值的标准。

B03 启动源

- 出厂值: TAST
- 可选参数: TAST: SER

可选键盘或串行接口

- 设置值源 B04
 - 出厂值: TAST

可选参数:键盘:模拟:串行接口

- B05 外部设定值有效
 - 出厂值:NO

可选参数:YES; NO

- 负载传感器有效 B06 出厂值:YES
 - 可选参数:YES; NO
- FMZ1 单位 B07
 - 出厂值: ----- t 可选参数: ----- t; ---- t; -.---t



B08	FMZ1 脉冲宽度			
	出厂值:	0 ms		
	最小值:	50 ms;	最大值:	1000 ms
	给外部计	数器的输出脉冲	中宽度。	
B09	FMZ2 单位			

出厂值: ----- t
可选参数: ----.-t; ----t t; -.---t
B10 FMZ3 单位
出厂值: ----- t
可选参数: ----.-t; ----t t; -.---t
B11 亮度调节
出厂值:1 LEVEL

可选参数:1 LEVEL; 2 LEVEL; 3 LEVEL; 4 LEVEL

C组 校验和计算数据

C01	电源频率		
	出厂值: 50Hz		
	可选参数: 50Hz ; 60Hz		
C02	校验时间		

	1		
出厂值:	30S		
最小值:	1S;	最大值:	60S
用于 TW	7和 ZERO S	SET 程序的	的计量时间

CO3 L/C 灵敏度

出厂值: 2.0mV/V 最小值: 0.5 mV/V; 最大值: 9.9999 mV/V L/C:称重传感器,按L/C技术参数输入。

- **CO**4 L/C 额定负荷
 - 出厂值: 20.0kg

最小值: 0.5kg; 最大值: 22000.0kg

称重传感器的额定负荷。

- **C05** 设备常数
 - 出厂值: 0.04
 - 最小值: 0.01 最大值: 2.00

L/C 负载与流量的比值 Q/I

检测重量 出厂值: 1.0 kg 最小值: 0.1000 kg; 最大值: 22000.0 kg 应用标定程序 CW 时加入 L/C 上重量

D组 校验结果

C06

D01	额定负载
	单位: kg
	非输入量,由 B02、C05 计算得到
D02	校正范围
	出厂值: 1.0000
	最小值: 0.5000; 最大值: 2.000
	通过标定校正计量系统,I(校正)=I(计量)•D02。
D03	总的自重(皮重)
	单位: kg/h
	非输入值,总皮重=基本自重(D04)+自重校正(D05)。
D04	基本自重
	单位: kg/h
	非输入值,它是自重校验(TW)程序的结果。
D05	自重校正
	单位: kg/h
	非输入值,它是零点校验的结果
D06	物料流量校正
	出厂值: 1.0000
	最小值: 0.5000; 最大值: 2.000
	使用 D06 校正非线性点, I(校正)=I(计量)×D06

E组 模拟输出

E01	AA 源	
	出厂值: I	
	可选: I (流量)	Q(负荷)
E02	AA 的最小值	



	出厂值:	4.0mA		
	最小值:	0.00mA;	最大值:	20.00mA
E03	AA 的极	限		
	出厂值:	20.00mA		
	最小值:	0.00mA;	最大值:	30.00mA
F组 极限值				
F01	I MIN			
	出厂值:	5.0%I		
	最小值:	-10%I 最大值	: 200.0%	I
F02	I MIN 的	」事件等级	[L1]	
	出厂值:	W1		
	可选参数	牧: W1; W2;	IGN; A	
F03	I MAX			
	出厂值:	120%I		
	最小值:	-10%I;	最大值:	200%I
F04	I MAX	事件等级	[H1]	
	出厂值:	W1		
	可选参数	牧: W1; W2;	IGN; A	
F05	外部输入	、极小		
	出厂值:	1.8V		
	最小值:	-1.00V 最大值	: 11.00V	
F06	外部输入	、极大		
	出厂值:	8.75V		
	最小值:	-1.00V 最大值	: 11.00V	
F07	外部输入	、时间		
	出厂值:	0.0s		
	最小值:	0.0s; 最大值:	600.0s	
F08	外部输入	、事件级 [E6]	
	出厂值:	IGN		
	可选参数	牧: W1; W2;	IGN; A	

G组 滤波设置

GO1 流量显示

	出厂值:	3.0S		
	最小值:	0.0S;	最大值:	600.0S
G02	流量模拟	以输出		
	出厂值:	3.0S		
	最小值:	0.0S;	最大值:	600.0S
G03	流量串行	F接口		
	出厂值:	3.0S		
	最小值:	0.0S;	最大值:	600.0S
G04	负荷显示	Ň		
	出厂值:	3.0S		
	最小值:	0.0S;	最大值:	600.0S
G05	负荷滤波	Ż		
	出厂值:	0.5S		
	最小值:	0.0S;	最大值:	5.0S
G06	计量延迟	1		
	出厂值:	3.0s		
	最小值:	0.0 s	最大值:	2000.0s

H组 自动调零

H01	自动调零有效
	出厂值: NO
	可选参数: NO; YES
H02	预定极限值
	出厂值: 1%Q
	最小值: 0.00; 最大值: 10.00%Q
H03	零点极限
	出厂值: 5.00%Q
	最小值: 0.00; 最大值: 100.00%Q
H04	皮重校正>极值 [C5]
	出厂值: W1
	可选参数: W1; W2; IGN; A
组未知	主义
J组未知	定义



- K组 未定义
- L组 未定义
- M组 未定义
- N组 未定义
- 0组 未定义
- P组 未定义
- Q组 事件
- Q01 电源故障 [E1]
 出厂值: A
 可选参数: A; W1; W2; IGN
- Q02 存贮器故障 报警 [S1]
 出厂值: A
 非输入值,内存故障,仪表停止工作
- Q03 称重传感器(L/C)故障 [C1]
 出厂值: A
 可选参数: A; W1; W2
- Q04 未释放 [S2] 出厂值: IGN 可选参数: A; W1 ; W2; IGN
- Q05 L/C>MAX [H4] 出厂值: A 可选参数: A; W1; W2
- QO6 L/C<MIN [L4] 出厂值: A 可选参数: A; W1; W2
- Q07 口令有效 警告 2 [S5]
 警告 2,口令输入后,显示 S5,两分钟内不必再输入口令即可调用
 功能
- R组 控制器
 - R01 控制器型号
 - 出厂值: DOSIER

可选参数: DOSIER; UNIVERS

R02 P参数(比例) 出厂值: 0.02000mA/% 最小值: 0.0000mA/%; 最大值:1000.00000 mA/% R03 I 参数(积分) 出厂值:3.0s 最小值:1s 最大值:6s R04 D 参数(微分) 出厂值:1.0s 最小值:0.0s 最大值:600.0s R05 控制偏差时间 出厂值:20.0s 最小值:0.0s 最大值:600.0s 偏差控制值达上限值时, R08 输出时间. R06 控制偏差 MAX 出厂值:5.0% 最小值:0.0% 最大值:100.0% R07 控制偏差 [H5] 出厂值: W1 可选参数: W1; W2; IGA; A R05 值超过 R06 的限值, 输出事件 H5. R08 控制器限度 [H6] 出厂值: W1可选参数: W1; W2; IGN; A 控制上限达 R10 值, 输出事件 H6. 下限 R09 出厂值: 0.0mA 最小值: 0.0mA



最大值:20.00 mA R10 上限 出厂值:20.00mA 最小值: 0.0mA 最大值:20.00 mA 控制量值升高 R11 出厂值: 0.0mA 最小值: 0.0mA 最大值:20.00 mA R12 停止位 出厂值:0 可选参数:0; R09 停止状态下控制量值 R13 起动 出厂值: 0.0 Uml 最小值: 0.0 Uml 最大值: 2.0 Uml R14 清除 出厂值: 0.0 Um1 最小值: 0.0 Uml 最大值: 2.0 Uml R15 存贮 出厂值:NO 可选参数: NO; YES; 关机前存贮最后数值。

R16 设定值范围
出厂值:20.0mA
最小值: 0.0mA
最大值:200.0mA
R17 零值设定值
出厂值:4.0mA

最小值: 0.0mA

YES-A

		最大值:200.0mA
R	18	体积测定方式
		出厂值: Q
		可选参数:Q;Y
	R19	旁路
		出厂值:10mA
		最小值: 0.0mA
		最大值:20.0mA
	R20	设定值过滤器 T1
		出厂值:0.0s
		最小值:0.0s
		最大值:6000.0s
	R21	设定值过滤器 T2
		出厂值:0.0s
		最小值:0.0s
		最大值:6000.0s
	R22	设置 PID 模式
		出厂值:模式1
		可选参数:模式1;模式2
	R23	设置值/实际值源
		出厂值: I
		可选参数: I; Q
	R24	配合1
		出厂值: NO
		可选参数: NO; V; I/Q; I/W
	R25	配合 2
		出厂值: NO
		可选参数: NO; W
S 组	线性化	

S01 启动性线化 出厂值: N0 可选参数: NO YES

使用下面参数可取 4 个流量点进行物料检测	,获得流量率线性化
-----------------------	-----------

S02	线性化设置点1				
	出厂值: 25%I				
	最小值: 0.1%I 最大值: 1000%I				
S03	线性化流量点1				
	设置点 25%I				
	最小值: 0.1%I 最大值: 500%I				
S04	线性化设置点 2				
	出厂值: 50%I				
	最小值: 0.1%I 最大值: 1000%I				
S05	线性化流量点 2				
	设置点 50%I				
	最小值: 0.1%I 最大值: 500%I				
S06	线性化设置点 3				
	出厂值: 75%I				
	最小值: 0.1%I 最大值: 1000%I				
S07	线性化流量点3				
	设置点 75%I				
	最小值: 0.1%I 最大值: 500%I				
S08	线性化设置点 4				
	出厂值: 100%I				
	最小值: 0.1%I 最大值: 1000%I				
S09	线性化流量点 4				
	设置点 100%I				
	最小值: 0.1%I 最大值: 500%I				
S10	线性化事件级				
	出厂值: W1				

可选参数: A; W1; W2

第七章、系统服务值

服务值表中有详细的系统信息,调用查看时不会影响称重功能。

- 1、 版本号: XXXXXX
- 2、 设备号: XXX
- 3、 选择卡,NO(不带),VO3、VO4(带卡)
- 4、 日期和时间
- 5、 继电器输出的开关状态, DA=XXXXXXX 1=闭舍 0=断开
- 6、 继电器输入的开关状态, DE=X(启动)X(停止)X(确认事件)1=闭舍 0= 断开
- 7、 EL=XXXh, 电源接通时间, 监控参数 K01、K02。
- 8、 ED: >0=XXh, 上次测自重和零点设置后开机时间。
- 9、 ED=XXXh,喂料机开机时间,监控参数K03、K04。
- 10、 aW=XX. YY%,称重传感器负荷与传感器额定负荷的百分比。
- 11、 L/Craw=XXXX,称重传感器信号放大后的输出值。
- 12、 AA2=XX. YYY mA, 控制值 Y 的模拟输出电流。
- 13、 AE=XX. YYYmA, 设置值的模拟输入电流。
- 14、 ZO: E=, 外部累加器脉冲输出。
- 15、 START Ext. XXV, 外部输入的电压值, 监控参数 F05~F08
- 16、 Mean Value I-mitt=XX%,流量方差与一般流量关联数。
- 17、 Variance Var=XX%, 流量方差与一般流量关联值
- 18、 Iun=XXt/h, 实际流量
- 19、 Latest Taring T(Data)XX%, 五个最后的自重值。

第八章、事件信息

固体流量计称重仪所有重要功能都受到内部监视,如有故障,将被作为事件信息 代码显示在下部左侧,如果同时发生几个事件,其优先级排列为:报警、警告1,警 告2。

按键,可以确认事件,调用"显示事件"功能可以查看文件。

- 1、 系统信息 S
 - S1:内存故障

存贮的参数和程序被周期性地检测。如有错误, 仪表不能进行操作。

● S2:未释放

外部释放信号丢失,控制输入"STOP"仪表不能启动,参数 Q04。

● S3:启动维护

参数 K03、K04 设置电气连接时间已到,进行必要的维护工作。

- S4: 电气运行维护
 仪表运行时间已超过 K01、K02,如果需要,进行必要的维护工作。
- S5:口令有效
- S6:未用
- S7:未用
- S8:未用
- S9:主机数据通讯中断
 串行口中断超过 10 秒,在数 L04

2、 电气信息 E

● E1:电源故障

参数 Q01

- E2:未用
- E3:未用
- E4:未用
- E5:未用

3、 校验 C

- C1:L/C 输入
 称重传感器线断或接线错误。见参数 Q03。
- C2:未用
- C3:未用
- C4:未用
- C5: 自重校正大于极限值
 自动调零超过零点设置值,若有需要重新标定,参数H04。
- 4、 极大值 H
 - H1:流量大于最大值。参数 F03、F04
 - H2:未用
 - H3:未用
 - H4: L/C 输入值>MAX。可能引起计量误差,参数 Q05
- 5、 极小值 L
 - L1:流量小于最小值
 - L2:未用
 - L3:未用
 - L4:称重传感器输入值小于最小值
- 6、 信号灯
 - 电源正常(绿色)
 - 如果没有指示,请检查:
 - 没有送电
 - 仪表损坏
 - 指示灯损坏
 - CPU 正常(绿色)
 - 如果闪烁或熄灭,检查仪表,系统停止工作。
 - Ⅰ 报警灯(红色)



如果有报警信号,灯闪烁,同时仪表显示故障信息。

灯(红色) MIN

低于极限值时闪烁,参见故障信息。

MAX 灯(红色)

高于极限值时闪烁,参见故障信息。

7、 其它信息 B

● B9: 线性化

若线性化已设置并已启用,信息输出。



第九章、安装与维护

1、 流量计秤体的安装

- 1)安装时,要将框架上保护钉拧紧,不让框架上下摆动,也不要有重物或用脚踩 在框架上,以免损坏十字簧片。
- 2) 秤体应安装在坚固的振动小的基础平台上,壳体底部法兰垫上橡胶密封条后用 螺钉紧固在平台上。
- 3)导向溜槽与物料输送设备的连接是通过导向溜槽上的伸缩接头,应将伸缩接头 焊牢在物料输送设备的斜槽下料口上,保持溜槽底板倾斜度为20度。
- 4) 配重块在框架上安放好位置后,要利用配重块上的固定螺钉将其固定在框架 F.
- 5) 盖门是供检修壳体内测量溜槽时用的,安装时不必卸下盖门,以免掉下钝器打 坏溜槽和管状横梁。
- 6) 传感器在出厂前已安装调整好,只要通过接线盒将电缆接上即可,若要更换传 感器,应行拆下接线盒,将传感器安装板拆下,并将传感器保护罩拆下才能更 换与检修。

电控柜的安装与系统接线 2、

- 1) 电控柜应安装在粉尘小,电源干扰小的控制室内,控制室要有良好的接地。
- 2)现场控制盒应安装在流量计秤体附近,便于在现场发现异常情况,切断秤体 与电控柜的电气控制。
- 3) 流量计喂料系统的控制仪表官全部安装有电控柜内, 电控柜与现场电缆专用 设备敷设应设置电缆沟、电缆桥架和电缆防护管,动力电缆和信号电线应分 开敷设,若信号电缆与动力电缆平行敷设,两者相距应大于 300mm。
- 4) 按系统接线图将系统各部份设备的信号及动力线接妥,并严格检查是否正确, 计量校正仓、流量阀及固体流量计三部份可分别独立用手动操作检查。

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5)


3、 维护

- 1)测量溜槽和框架是秤体使用中维护重点,经常检查测量溜槽衬板磨损及粘料 情况,及时性去掉粘在衬板上的灰垢。衬板磨损严重要更换经常检查框架上 十字簧片是否变形,其紧固栓是否松动。
- 2) 注意检查传感器防护罩,及时吹净传感器上的积尘,防护罩有损坏及时更换。
- 3)固体流量计适用于连续均匀物料的计量,应尽量避免脉动式或间歇式料流出现。
- 实物标定也应在接近实际流量且料流稳状况下进行,不要要偶尔出现或大或 小的料流进行标定,否则难以确定标定系数,影响计量精度。
- 5)电控柜虽远离灰尘大的环境,仍要注意清扫柜内电气元件和线路上的灰尘, 更换元件和处理事故由专业人员操作。
- 6)设备在运行中,若经常出现某一事件报警,应及时针对性检查,排除事故原因。



DLD/DLM Type Solids Flow Meter

Operation, Installation & Maintenance Manual





ACaution

Read through this instruction manual and be familiar with the handing method for correct use.

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Generalization

1, Solids Flow Meter

Solid Flow Meter Type DLM/DLD is kind of conveying equipment for continuous weighting and measuring, it is suitable for use in chemical, construction material, metallurgy, mine etc. With fixed quantity conveying automatically and continuously for non adhesive grained or powered material, dynamic measuring or controlling. The meter is mainly used for feeding new material powder to kiln in cement production.

A continuous feeding system with high precision may be formed by Solid Flow Meter Type DLD and check bin with checking system. Measuring precision of Solid Flow Meter may be checked in line by checking bin with load cell. Flow rate can be adjusted automatically by feeding system according to setting rate.

Measuring meter, administrative meter for weighting is equipped with feeding system of Solid Flow Meter Type DLD. Control is performed by feeding speed input, also by connecting upper machine or process administrative system (DCS) to perform automatic control of system.

2. Explanation of a part letters for system used

Р	Definition: set flow rate	unit: t/h
Ι	Definition: flow rate	unit: t/h
Ζ	Definition: material value accumulated	unit: t
Q	Definition: measured load	unit: kg/m
Pr	Definition: Percental setpoint	unit: %
Pe	Definition: External setpoint	unit: kg/h

1



3、 Operating Principle



深圳市科尔达电气设备有限公司 KENTA SHEN ZHEN KERTA ELECTRIC EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.

II Technical Parameters and Specification

1, Technical Parameters

(1) weighting precision

weighting precision : $\pm 1\%$ (with checking bin and prefeed device type DLD)

 $\pm 2\%$ (type DLM)

(2) working environment

temperature: 0~50°℃

relative humidity: 30~85% RH non dewing

- (3) permitted material temperature $< 100^{\circ}C$
- (4) material grain <5mm
- (5) power supply 220VAC 50Hz
- (6) transmitted distance for signal once <500m
- (7) measuring range 0~300mV
- (8) being suitable for feed device

discharger on bottom or screw feeder

(9) control cabinet

weighting control apparatus of solid feeder type DLD are installed in control cabinet, all control measuring function are performed

a, control cabinet size

appearance (width×height×deep): 700×2200×500mm

installed dimensions (width×deep): 600×400mm

4×Φ12mm







b, external diagram



(10) FIP control box hanged on wall

Weighting apparatus for solid flow meter type DLD is installed in control box to perform measuring function

a, Specification of control cabinet

appearance (width×height×deep): 300×300×225mm





c、 external diagram



2, Type of Solid Flow Meter

Type DLM/DLD 2.5	$40 \sim 200 \text{m}^3/\text{h}$
Type DLM/DLD 5	80~300m ³ /h
Type DLM/DLD 6.5	200~800m ³ /h

III Basic Construction

Solid Flow Meter type DLM/DLD consist of mechanical scale body and control instrument.

1. Machinery scale body

Machinery part mainly include: housing, guide, chute, measuring chute, scale lever, load cell etc. (see below diagram)



1.1 Housing

Housing is basic part of solid flow meter, made of bended steel plate with welding. Flange on the bottom is used for fixing on the stand or other supporting, guide chute is connected with flange on the upper. There is cover door on the housing for maintenance and dismantling measuring chute, the door with a rubber ring as sealing is connected to housing and locking.

1.2 Guide chute

Bolts are used for connecting of guide chute and housing, material flow to measuring chute according to certain direction during passing guide chute. Sealing rubber ring is equipped on inlet of guide chute with surrounding expend and contract head inserted guide chute it may protect connection gate from powder out and affected weighting of bin.

1.3 Measuring chute

Measuring chute is connected with tube beam, the beam is across housing with two rubber membranes for sealing, hided bar device is connected on both side. Material enter measuring chute along tangent direction on surface after passing guide chute, material flow direction would not happen shock inclination to measuring chute, so it produce measuring force in proportion to flow rate. This measuring force is transmitted to load cell by scale lever device.

1.4 Lever Device

Lever device is transmission system of force, it is cross spring is connected with measuring chute, a frame equipped with balance weight on the bottom to adjust zero point of scale body, a bolt is located on the other end of the frame, it touches bar of load cell.

1.5 Load Cell

Load cell is installed on framework connected with housing, top plate of framework equip with cabling box. High precision cell with sealing of metal waveguide is used as load cell.

2、Control Instrument

Weighting control instruments for Solid Meter Type DLD are installed in electrical control cabinet type IRC including micro-controller FP401. Weighting control instruments of Solid Flow Meter type DLM are installed in type FIP hanged wall.

2.1 FP401 controller with micro-computer

FP401 controller with micro-computer is weighting control instrument of Solid Flow Meter. There are 3 basic function card including CPU, A/D and I/O and display on keyboard. Display screen and 22 touch keys are on the face plate.

2.2 Weighting device for Bin (may be selected)

Weighting device is used for external device on checking and control flow, as weighting system is consist of Solid Flow Meter and checking bin of flow, static weighting is carried out for checking bin with load cell by weighting device, it checks weighting precision for Solid Flow Meter. The controller of flow valve can accept feeding, so that feeding is according to setting feeding speed.

IV Use and Operation

1. Control instrument

1.1 signal lamp

- power normal (green)
- └── cup normal (green)
- alarm lamp (red)
- Min lamp (red)
- Max lamp (red)

1.2 push key



1.3 Display window

5×7 point specification, print height 6mm

Window upper	Left: operating information
	Right: feeding speed set
Window down	Left: event information
	Right: display parameter selected

2, Function Distributor

System function is mainly on control instruments, performed by moving function distributor

2.1 function distributor

To select parameter setting, checking etc. are transferred by function distributor, it is as follows:



2.2 Transfer method



3、**Operating for control cabinet**

3.1 working mode

a٦ long-range

Operating control is carried out by central control (DCS) or external equipment

b, cabinet

Operating is carried out by switching on cabinet

local c,

Maintenance and test is carried out by site control box

3.2 setting for feeding rate

Rated flow parameter setting for weighting device of solid flow meter, and DCS system is

the same, the stander of connecting gate is modulus 4~20mA.

- operating mode for long-range a, Flow rate is provided by external DCS system
- b, operating mode for cabinet Flow is set by P1 adjuster
- local operating mode C,

Hand operating control by switching on site control box

3.3 O and I key

Weighting control device can be stopped or started by O and I key on weighting control device only with starting condition of long-range cabinet

3.4 Weighting device for bin

For operating of bin weighting device, please see specification of bin weighting device

4. Operating of electrical control box

Measuring device of type DLM is generally installed in electrical control box hanged on wall. Basic operating is carried out on surface plate of weighting device



V Check and Calibration

After installation for feeding system of solid flow meter with being subject to check and calibration, it can be put into normal operation.

Checking for weighting device of solid flow meter

1, Tare testing (TW)

- A Prefeeder must be switched off, no material flow in solid flow meter.
- B Suitable selecting CO2 parameter $(1 \sim 60s)$ confirm testing time, 30s is set in factory



transferring function distributor

selecting check function according to indicating input vocal signal 07734

confirm input



selecting check "TW: Tare" function

confirm selection

after operating program display difference between tare value this time and last time on the upper window, total tare display lower window, it is percent of normal measuring load. Confirm



confirm operating result (D04 parameter value)



2、 Zero checking (>0 zero set)

- zero checking should be followed after checking tare A,
- B٦ operating order



transferring function distributor



selecting zero checking (>0 zero set) function

confirm selection



starting zero set program, for operating result of program, display zero checking deviation between this time and last time on the upper window and lower display zero deviation of basic tare





confirm operating result (D05 parameter value)

stopping operating no taking result value

3、 Weight checking (CW)

- A, weight checking should be followed after tare and zero checking
- B, parameter C06 input valid weight parameter measured
- C_{s} suitable flow point is selected by using weight measuring program
- $D_{\scriptscriptstyle N}$ operating order

transferring function distributor selecting (Calibration Function) function according to indicating input vocal signal 07734



confirm input



selecting "CW: weight check"

confirm selection

After operating program, 3 possible result are indicated on screen

- KOR=0.99~1.01 weighting error <1% not necessary to change parameter
- KOR=0.95~1.0 weighting error<5% KOR value input D02
- KOR<0.95 or KOR>1.05 weighting error>5% that mean parameter input with error or installation of scale body is not suitable for requirement, inspection is necessary

4. Object calibration for system weighting

Checking bin is equipped with solid Flow Meter Type DLD, weighting error of Solid Flow Meter is checked by static weighting of checking bin, so the more satisfactory result may be obtained, method is as following:

- A、 Cut off stop valve and flow value
- B、 Weighting device of bin is put into operation, material is feed into bin and material weight W1 is recorded
- C、 Flow value of object calibration is set and weighting device of Solid Flow Meter is put into operation
- D、 Open stop valve, "start" flow valve, material in bin with stop valve is transported for several minutes, cut off stop valve, waiting for all material in chute is transported, cut off flow valve
- E Remainder material weight W2 in bin is recorded, so during check the material weight used for object calibration is W=W1-W2
- F、 Compared with object calibration weight W and indicated Z on weighting device of solid

flow meter, if not accordant with two value, the value of parameter D06 is modified

G、 Modified method





VI System Parameters

Parameter is data which feature may be changed by using these data system operation may be more suitable for site requirement, all data are preset in factory, and these are useful as suggestion, parameters are divided as A...S function group, digital after alphabet is order of parameter, parameter is divided as value and item selected.

1. Read parameter





Select programming function enter next display area



Confirm

Confirm

Select input parameter to enter next display area



Input code 07734

Display group A parameter and ss information(vacal signal valid)



Select parameter group

Confirm



	Select order of parameter
	Confirm
	Ready for inputting and modifying parameter
L T	Select item of parameter and input parameter value
	Confirm value input
×	Cancel single value
	Stopping input

3、Put absent value into

After moving this function, parameter in instrument are reset to original factory value.

4, Parameter list

Group A	Dialogic	situation
A01	language	English
A02	unit	SI
Group B	Rated data	
B01	flow unit	
	value in facto	ry t/h
	available valu	e : kg/h
B02	rated flow	
	value in facto	ry 200.000 t/h
	Min : 0.0020 t/	h Max : 99999.9 t/h
	Stander used for	or limited value and service value
B03	start source	
	value in facto	ry TAST
	available para	meter TAST, SER
	key board or s	serial connection may be selected
B04	set source	
	value in facto	ry
	available para	meter : key board, modeling, serial connection
B05	external set v	alid



value in factory : NO available parameter : Yes, No B06 load cell valid value in factory : Yes available parameter : Yes, No B07 FMZ1 unit value in factory : —— t available parameter : ----- t B08 FMZ1 pulse width value in factory : 0 ms Min : 50 ms Max : 1000 ms For output pulse width of external counter B09 FMZ2 unit value in factory : —— t available parameter : ----- t B010 FMZ3 unit value in factory : —— t available parameter : ----- t B011 brightness adjusted value in factory : 1 level available parameter : 1 level, 2 level, 3 level, 4 level Group C Parameter for checking and calculating C01 power frequency value in factory : 50 HZ available parameter : 50 HZ, 60HZ C02 checking time value in factory : 30s Min:1s Max : 60s Measuring time used for TW and zero set programme C03 L/C activity value in factory : 2.0 mv/v Max: 9.9999mv/v Min: 0.5 mv/v

 $L\!/\!C$: weighting load cell, input according to $L\!/\!C$ technical parameter

C04	L/C rated load
	value in factory : 20 kg
	Min : 0.5 kg Max : 22000.0 kg
	Rated load for weighting load cell
C05	constant for equipment
	value in factory : 0.04
	Min : 0.01 Max : 2.00
	Ratio Q/I of L/C load and flow
C06	measuring weight
	value in factory : 1.0 kg
	Min : 0.1000 kg Max : 22000.0 kg
	Add L/C weight when calibration programme CW is used
Group D	Checking result
D01	rated load
	unit : kg
	non-input to obtain it by B02, C05 calculating
D02	checking range
	value in factory : 1.0000
	Min : 0.5000 Max : 2.000
	Measuring system is checked by calibrating, I (checking) = I (measuring) * D02
D03	total tare
	unit : kg
	non-input, total tare = basic tare $(D04)$ + tare checked $(D05)$
D04	basic tare
	unit : kg
	non-input, it is result of tare checking programme
D05	tare checking
	unit : kg
	non-input, it is result of zero checked
D06	checking for material flow
	value in factory : 1.0000



	Min : 0.5000 Max : 2.000				
	Checking non-line print by using D06, I (checking) = I (measuring) * D06				
Group E	Analogues output				
E01	AA source				
	value in factory : 1				
	available : I (flow), Q (load)				
E02	Min value of AA				
	value in factory : 4.0 mA				
	Min : 0.00 mA Max : 20.00 mA				
E03	limit of AA				
	value in factory : 20.00 mA				
	Min : 0.00 mA Max : 30.00 mA				
Group F	Limit value				
F01	I Min				
	value in factory : 5.0% I				
	Min : -10.0% I Max : 200.0% I				
F02	event class of I Min				
	value in factory : W1				
	available parameter : W1, W2 IGN : A				
F03	I Max				
	value in factory : 120.0% I				
	Min : -10.0% I Max : 200.0% I				
F04	event class of I Max				
	value in factory : W1				
	available parameter : W1, W2 IGN : A				
F05	external input Min				
	value in factory : 1.8 V				
	Min : -1.00 V Max : 11.00 V				
F06	external input Max				
	value in factory : 8.75 V				
	Min : -1.00 V Max : 11.00 V				
F07	external input time				

	value in factory : 0.0 s		
	Min : 0.0 s	Max : 600.0 s	
F08	event class of external input		
	value in factor	ry : IGN	
	available para	meter : W1, W2	IGN : A
Group G	Equipped with	n electric filter	
G01	flow display		
	value in factory : 3.0 s		
	Min : 0.0 s	Max : 600.0 s	
G02	flow analogo	us output	
	value in factor	ry : 3.0 s	
	Min : 0.0 s	Max : 600.0 s	
G03	flow serial connecting		
	value in factor	ry : 3.0 s	
	Min : 0.0 s	Max : 600.0 s	
G04	load display		
	value in factory : 3.0 s		
	Min : 0.0 s	Max : 600.0 s	
G05	load electric filter		
	value in factor	ry : 0.5 s	
	Min : 0.0 s	Max : 5.0 s	
G06	measuring delayed		
	value in factory : 3.0 s		
	Min : 0.0 s	Max : 2000.0 s	
Group H	Automatic zero adjusted		
H01	automatic zero adjusted valid		
	value in factory : No		
	available parameter : No, Yes		
H02	preset value limited		
	value in factor	ry:1% Q	
	Min : 0.00	Max : 10.00% Q	

H03 zero limit

	value in factory : 5.00% Q		
	Min : 0.00 Max : 100.00% Q		
H04	tare checked > limit [C05]		
	value in factory : W1		
	available parameter : W1, W2 IGN : A		
Group I	Not definition		
Group J	Not definition		
Group K	Not definition		
Group L	Not definition		
Group M	Not definition		
Group N	Not definition		
Group O	Not definition		
Group P	Not definition		
Group Q	Event		
Q01	power failure [EI]		
	value in factory : A		
	available parameter : A, W1, W2, IGN		
Q02	failure in store alarm [SI]		
	value in factory : A		
	non-input, internal failure, instrument stop working		
Q03	failure of weighting cell (L/C) [CI]		
	value in factory : A		
	available parameter : A, W1, W2		
Q04	unrelease [S2]		
	value in factory : IGN		
	available parameter : A, W1, W2, IGN		
Q05	L/C > Max [H4]		
	value in factory : A		
	available parameter : A, W1, W2		
Q06	L/C < Min [L4]		
	value in factory : A		
	available parameter : A, W1, W2		

Q07 vacal signal valid warning 2 [S5]Warning 2, after inputting vacal signal, display S5. it is not necessary to input vacal signal again within 2 minutes, function may be transferred.

Group R Controller

R01 type of controller value in factory : DOSIER available parameter :DOSIER, UNIVERS R02 P parameter (proportion) value in factory : 0.02000 mA / %Min: 0.0000 mA / % Max :1000.00000 mA / % R03 I parameter (integration) value in factory : 3.0 s Min : 0.01 s Max :6000.0 s R04 D parameter (differentiation) value in factory : 1.0 s Min : 1.0 s Max :600.0 s R05 error time controlled value in factory : 20.0 s Min : 0.0 s Max :600.0 s

Up to above limit of error control, R08 output time

R06 control error Max

value in factory : 5.0 %

Min : 0.0 % Max :100.0 %

R07 control error [H5]

value in factory : W1

available parameter : W1, W2, IGA, A

- R08 limit of controller [H6] value in factory : W1 available parameter : W1, W2, IGN, A
- R09 low limit value in factory : 0.0 mA Min : 0.0 mA Max :20.00 mA



R10	above limit		
	value in factory : 20.00 mA		
	Min : 0.0 mA Max :20.00 mA		
R11	control value go up		
	value in factory : 0.0 mA		
	Min : 0.0 mA Max :20.00 mA		
R12	stop location		
	value in factory : 0		
	available parameter : 0, R09		
	control value under stopping		
R13	start		
	value in factory : 0.0 uml		
	Min : 0.0 uml Max :2.0 uml		
R14	cancel		
	value in factory : 0.0 uml		
	Min : 0.0 uml Max :2.0 uml		
R15	store		
	value in factory : No		
	available parameter : No, Yes, Yes-A		
	store last value before switch-off		
R16	range of setting value		
	value in factory : 20.0 mA		
	Min : 0.0 mA Max :200.0 mA		
R17	set value for zero		
	value in factory : 4.0 mA		
	Min : 0.0 mA Max :200.0 mA		
R18	volume measuring way		
	value in factory : Q		
	available parameter : Q, Y		
R19	by way		
	value in factory : 10 mA		
	Min : 0.0 mA Max :20.0 mA		

- R20 set value filter T1 value in factory : 0.0 s Min : 0.0 s Max :6000.0 s
- R21 set value filter T2 value in factory : 0.0 s Min : 0.0 s Max :6000.0 s
- R22 set PID mode value in factory : mode 1 available parameter : mode 1, mode 2
- R23 set value/actual value source value in factory : I available parameter : I, Q
- R24 cooperation 1 value in factory : No available parameter : No, V, I/Q, I/W
- R25 cooperation 2 value in factory : No available parameter : No, W
- Group S linearity circuit
 - S01 start linearity circuit
 value in factory : No
 available parameter : No, Yes
 4 flow points may be taken for cart

4 flow points may be taken for carrying out material measuring by using below parameters to obtain flow rate linearity circuit.

- S02 set point 1 of linearity circuit
 value in factory : 25% I
 Min : 0.1% I Max :1000.0% I
 S03 flow point 1 of linearity circuit
- Sos now point i of linearity circuit Set point : 25% I Min : 0.1% I Max :500.0% I
- S04 set point 2 of linearity circuit value in factory : 50% I



	Min : 0.1% I	Max :1000.0% I	
S05	flow point 2 of linearity circuit		
	Set point : 50% I		
	Min : 0.1% I	Max :500.0% I	
S06	set point 3 of linearity circuit		
	value in factory : 7	75% I	
	Min : 0.1% I	Max :1000.0% I	
S07	flow point 3 of lin	earity circuit	
	Set point : 75% I		
	Min : 0.1% I	Max :500.0% I	
S08 set point 4 of linearity circ value in factory : 100% I		rity circuit	
		.00% I	
	Min : 0.1% I	Max :1000.0% I	
S09 flow point 4 of linearity circuit Set point : 100% I		earity circuit	
	Min : 0.1% I	Max :500.0% I	
S10 event class of linearity circuit		arity circuit	
	value in factory : W1		
	available parameter : A, W1, W2		

VII System Service Value

Detail system information is in the list of service value, weighting function is not affected by moving and seeing.

- 1. Edition number : $\times \times \times \times \times$
- 2. Equipment number : $\times \times \times$
- 3. Card selected : No (no card), V03/V04 (with card)
- 4. Data and time
- 5. Switch condition of relay output, $DA = \times \times \times \times \times \times$, I = closed, O = cut-off
- 6. Switch condition of relay input, $DE = \times (start) \times (stop) \times (confirm event)$, I = closed, O = cut-off
- 7. $EL = \times \times \times h$, power supplied time, monitored parameter K01, K02
- 8. ED : $> 0 = \times \times h$, operating time after measuring tare last time and zero setting
- 9. $ED = \times \times \times h$, operating time for feeder, monitored parameter K03, K04
- 10. aW= XX.YY%, percent of weighting cell load and cell rated load
- 11. L/C raw = $\times \times \times$, output of weighting cell signal after magnifying
- 12. AA2 =XX.YYY mA, analogous output current of controlling value Y
- 13. AE = XX.YYY mA, analogous input of setting value
- 14. ZO : E =, pulse output of external accumulator
- 15. START Ext. $\times \times V$, voltage of external input, monitored parameter F05~F08
- 16. Mean value I-mitt = $\times \times \%$, relative numeric of flow variance and general flow
- 17. Variance Var = $\times \times \%$, relative value of flow variance and general flow
- 18. I = $\times \times$ t/h, actual flow
- 19. Latest tarring T (data) $\times \times \%$, five latest tarring value.



VIII Event Information

All important function of weighting devise for solid flow meter are monitored internally, such as failure, it is displayed lower left as event information, if several events are appearance at same time, the arranged order is alarm, warning 1, warning 2.

Push key may confirm event, with moving 'display event' function you may look up document.

- 1. System information S
- S1 : stored failure

Parameter and programme stored are measured periodically, if something wrong instrument can not work.

• S2 : not release

Signal released outside lost, instrument for controlling input 'stop' cannot start, parameter Q04

• S3 : start maintenance

Parameter K03, K04 for the time of setting electrical connected is over, it is necessary to carry out maintenance

• S4 : electric operating maintenance

Operating time of instrument is over, if necessary to carry out certain maintenance

- S5 : vacal signal valid
- S6 : not use
- S7 : not use
- S8 : not use
- S9 : communication of main machine data stop, serial connection stop over 10 s, under numeric

L04

- 2. Electrical information E
- E1 : power failure

parameter Q01

- E2 : not use
- E3 : not use
- E4 : not use
- E5 : not use

- 3. Checking C
- C1 : L/C input

Local cell cut-off or connected wrong, see parameter Q03

- C2 : not use
- C3 : not use
- C4 : not use
- C5 : tare checked is larger than limit

Automatically adjusting zero is over zero set, if necessary, to calibrate again, parameter H04

- 4. Max H
- H1 : flow is larger than Max. parameter F03, F04
- H2 : not use
- H3 : not use
- H4 : L/c input value > Max. it is possible to induce measuring error, parameter Q05
- 5. Min L
- L1 : flow is smaller than Min
- L2 : not use
- L3 : not use
- L4 : input value for weighting cell is smaller than Min
- 6. Signal lamp
 - **Power normal (green)**

if no indication, please inspect

- no power supply
- instrument damaged
- indicative lamp damaged

└── CPU normal (green)

If flashing or extinguish, to inspect instrument, system stop working

| Alarm lamp (red)

If there is alarm signal, lamp flashing meanwhile instrument display failure information.

MIN lamp (red)

Flashing when lower limit, see failure information



MAX lamp (red)

Flashing when higher limit, see failure information

7. Other information B

• BP : linearization

If linearization is set and put into operation, information output.

IX Installation and Maintenance

- 1. Installation of scale body
 - 1) When installation, tighten protective screws on flange, not let flange swing up and down, also no heavy object or legging on flange to prevent cross spring plate from damaging.
 - 2) Scale body should be installed on strong and small vibration fundamental platform, after rubber sealing is put on the flange bottom, tighten flange screws on flanged connection.
 - 3) The connection of guide chute and transporting equipment is used by expend and contract head on guide chute, the head is welded discharge gate of transporting equipment to keep 20° of chute bottom.
 - 4) After matching block is put well on flange, tighten block screw on flange.
 - 5) Cover door is used for inspecting the measuring chute in housing, it is not necessary to dismantle door when installing, to prevent chute and beam damaged from dropping something.
 - 6) Cell is installed and adjusted well before delivery, as long as cabling with connecting box is OK, if cell is replaced, the cabling box and plate for cell installing should be dismantled, then protective cover for cell dismantled.
- 2. Installation of electrical control cabinet and system cabling
 - 1) Electrical control cabinet should be installed in control room where is less dust and interference with power, good earth.
 - Control box on site should be installed near scale body so that non-normal state on site is discovered easily and cut-off control.
 - 3) Control instrument for feeding system are installed in control cabinet, it is necessary to lay cable channel, make cable bridged and protective tube between cabinet and site equipment. Power cable and signal cable should be divided to lay, if signal cable and power cable are parallel laid, both distance should be larger than 300mm.
 - 4) Power cable and signal cable are connected according to system diagram, then inspected thoroughly measuring check bin, value and solid flow meter, three sections are inspected by independent hand operating.
- 3. Maintenance



- Measuring chute and flange are important parts during scale body in use, it is necessary for wear and stick state of scale-board to inspect often, with taking out dust in time. If scale-board is worn seriously, replacing is necessary, whether cross spring on the flange is deformed and bolts are tightened is often inspected.
- Pay attention to inspecting protective cover of cell, cleaning dust on cell, if protective cover is damaged, replace it in time.
- 3) Solid flow meter is suitable for measuring of continuous and uniform material with preventing pulse and intermittence material flow from appearance.
- 4) Object calibration should be carried out under the condition of near actual flow rate and stable flow, do not calibrate under non-stable flow, otherwise it is difficult to confirm calibrating coefficient with affecting measuring precision.
- 5) Although control cabinet is far from dust environment, also pay attention to cleaning dust on elements in cabinet, replacing element and dealing with failure is operated by professional person.
- During operation if an event often appears as alarm, inspection should be done in time to reject failure reasons.